

AAPA Reference Guidelines

How to Cite Sources using the American Medical Association 11th Edition Citation Style

This document is designed to provide a quick reference to using American Medical Association (AMA) 11th Edition style for citing common information sources. In AMA 11th Edition style, the reference list should be numbered consecutively in the order in which they are cited in the text.

Books and Chapters

General format: Author AA, Author BB, Author CC. *Title of book*. Edition number (if beyond first). Publisher name; year of publication. To indicate online access, add the word Accessed and the date you accessed the item, then the URL.

While some books and book chapters may have assigned DOIs (digital object identifiers), book citations do not include DOIs, only URLs and accessed dates. If a book has editors instead of or in addition to authors, their names are indicated with "eds." after the author field names.

Book in print, one author	Author's last name Author's first initials. Title of Book. Edition number (if beyond first). Publisher name; year. Rosen P. <i>Rosen's Breast Pathology</i> 2nd ed. Lippincott Williams and Wilkins; 2001.
More than one author (list all authors if 6 or fewer, otherwise list first 3 followed by "et al.")	Author(s) separated by commas. Title of Book. Edition number (if beyond first). Publisher; year. Kumar V, Abbas A, Fausto N, Aster J. <i>Robbins and Cotran Pathologic Basis of Disease</i>. 8th ed. Elsevier Inc; 2010.
Entire print book in print	Author(s), eds. Title of Book. Edition number (if beyond first). Publisher; year. Lester S, ed. <i>Manual of Surgical Pathology</i>. 3rd ed. Saunders; 2010.
Chapter within an edited book in print	Author(s) of chapter. Title of chapter. In: Editor's(s) name(s), ed(s). Title of Book. Edition number (if beyond first). Publisher; Year: page number. Miyano T. Biliary tract diseases and portal hypertension. In: Ashcraft K, Holcomb GW III, Murphy JP, eds. <i>Pediatric Surgery</i>, 4th ed. Elsevier Inc; 2005:594-600.
Book viewed online	Author'(s) last name Author'(s) first initials. Title of Book. Edition number (if beyond first). Publisher name; year. Accessed (date). URL Suchmacher M, Geller M. <i>Practical Biostatistics</i>. Elsevier; 2012. Accessed November 5, 2012. https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/book/9780124157941

<i>Edited book viewed online</i>	Author(s), ed(s). Title of Book. Edition number (if beyond first). Publisher name; year. Accessed (date). URL Brunton LL, Blumenthal DK, Murri N, Hilal-Danden R, Knollmann BC, eds. <i>Goodman and Gilman's The Pharmacological Basis of Therapeutics</i>. 12th ed. McGraw-Hill; 2011. Accessed November 4, 2012. https://www.accesspharmacy.com/resourceToc.aspx?resourceID=28
<i>Chapter within an edited book viewed online</i>	Author(s) of chapter. Chapter number. Title of chapter. In: Editor's(s) name(s), ed(s). Title of Book. Edition number (if beyond first). Publisher; Year. Accessed (date). URL Relling MV, Giacomini KM. Chapter 7. Pharmacogenomics. In: Brunton LL, Blumenthal DK, Murri N, Hilal-Danden R, Knollmann BC, eds. <i>Goodman and Gilman's The Pharmacological Basis of Therapeutics</i>. 12th ed. McGraw-Hill; 2011. Accessed October 4, 2012. https://www.accesspharmacy.com/content.aspx?aID=16659580

Articles in Journals

General format: Author AA, Author BB, Author CC. Title of article. *Abbreviated Title of Journal*. Year of publication;volume(issue):complete page numbers or e-locator. DOI (if not provided, omit and replace with an accessed date and a URL for electronically accessed articles)

DOIs (digital object identifier) provide stable, long-lasting links for online articles. Most printed journals currently also have an online version with DOIs (digital object identifier) attached to all articles. The DOI should be included unless you consulted the hard copy of the printed journal. The DOI is provided immediately after "doi:" with no spaces, and there is no period at the end of the DOI or URL in online journal article citations.

In article titles, capitalize only the first letter of the first word, proper names, and abbreviations that are ordinarily capitalized in the reference.

AMA style requires the use of standard abbreviations for all references, when applicable. The appropriate journal abbreviations for American Medical Association (AMA) style citations can be found by looking in the journal record in the NLM Catalog in PubMed. If your title is not in the NLM Catalog, the *AMA Manual of Style 11th Edition* offers advice for abbreviating journal titles in Chapter 13.10 "Abbreviations: Names of Journals."

<i>Print journal article, one author</i>	Author. Article title. Abbreviated Journal Title. Year of publication;volume(issue):inclusive page numbers. Mitka M. Indian public health leaders move to reduce antimicrobial resistance. <i>JAMA</i>. 2013;309(6):531-532.
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Print journal article, more than one author <i>(list all authors if 6 or fewer, otherwise list first 3 followed by "et al.")</i>	Author(s) of article. Article title. <i>Abbreviated Journal Title</i>. Year of publication;volume(issue):inclusive page numbers. Scaglia F, Brunetti-Pierri N, Kleppe S, et al. Clinical consequences of urea cycle enzyme deficiencies and potential links to arginine and nitric oxide metabolism. <i>J Nutr</i>. 2004;134(10 Suppl):2775S-2797S.
Online journal article with DOI	Author(s) of article. Article title. <i>Abbreviated Journal Title</i>. Year of publication;volume(issue):inclusive page numbers. doi Mitka M. Indian public health leaders move to reduce antimicrobial resistance. <i>JAMA</i>. 2013;309(6):531-532. doi:10.1001/jama.2013.297 Scaglia F, Brunetti-Pierri N, Kleppe S, et al. Clinical consequences of urea cycle enzyme deficiencies and potential links to arginine and nitric oxide metabolism. <i>J Nutr</i>. 2004;134(10 Suppl):2775S-2797S. doi:10.1093/jn/134.10.2775S
Online journal article, but the journal does not use DOI	Author(s) of article. Article title. <i>Abbreviated Journal Title</i>. Year of publication;volume(issue):inclusive page numbers. Accessed (date). URL Ng L, Karunasinghe N, Benjamin CS, Ferguson LR. Beyond PSA: are new prostate cancer biomarkers of potential value to New Zealand doctors? <i>N Z Med J</i>. 2012;125(1353). Accessed April 15, 2020. https://www.nzma.org.nz/journal-articles/beyond-psa-are-new-prostate-cancer-biomarkers-of-potential-value-to-new-zealand-doctors/
Preprints	Author(s). Article title. <i>Abbreviated Journal Title</i> OR <i>preprint server name</i>. Posted online date. Location (pages). DOI (if available) OR accessed date and URL Bloss CS, Wineinger NE, Peters M, et al. A prospective randomized trial examining health care utilization in individuals using multiple smartphone-enabled biosensors. <i>bioRxiv</i>. Preprint posted online October 28, 2015. doi:10.1101/029983 NOTE: Though the preprint may later be published in a journal, the citation should reflect the version used.



CITING SOURCES WITHIN TEXT

Cite references that are retrievable in text, tables, and figures in consecutive order using superscript Arabic numbers. When more than 2 references are cited at a given place in the manuscript, use hyphens to join the first and last numbers of a closed series; use commas without spaces to separate other parts of a multiple citation. Corresponding references should be listed in numerical order at the end of the document. Unpublished works and personal communications should be cited parenthetically (not on the reference list). Superscript numbers are placed outside periods and commas, and inside colons and semicolons.